

M A T E R I A L   S A F E T Y   D A T A   S H E E T

SECTION 1 - CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME : CAMIE 980 URETHANE RELEASE AGT  
 IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: FCR0980 DATE PRINTED: 04/15/09  
 PRODUCT USE/CLASS :

SUPPLIER: Camie-Campbell 9225 Watson Industrial Park St. Louis, MO 63126	MANUFACTURER: Camie-Campbell 9225 Watson Industrial Park St. Louis, MO 63126
EMERGENCY TELEPHONE: 800-424-9300 24 HOUR EMERGENCY PHONE	EMERGENCY TELEPHONE: 800-424-9300 24 HOUR EMERGENCY PHONE

PREPARER: MWP, PHONE: 314/968-3222, PREPARE DATE: 03/10/09  
 REPLACES DATE: 04/05/06

SECTION 2 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

ITEM	CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NUMBER	WT/WT % LESS THAN
01	HEXANE	110-54-3	50.0 %
02	ISOBUTANE	75-28-5	40.0 %
03	PROPANE	74-98-6	10.0 %

ITEM	EXPOSURE LIMITS					
	ACGIH		OSHA		COMPANY	SKIN
TLV-TWA	TLV-STEL	PEL-TWA	PEL-CEILING	TLV-TWA		
01	50 ppm	N.E.	500 ppm	N.E.	N.E.	NO
02	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	1000 ppm	NO
03	2500 PPM	N.E.	1000 ppm	N.E.	N.E.	NO

(See Section 16 for abbreviation legend)

SECTION 3 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

\*\*\* EMERGENCY OVERVIEW \*\*\*: Keep from reach of children. Do not puncture, incinerate, or place aerosol product containers in compactors. Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptied since containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid, and/or solid). All hazardprecautions given must be observed. Do not flame cut, braze or use welding torch. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling this product may be harmful or fatal.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Can cause severe irritation, redness, tearing, blurred vision.

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SECTION 3 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION
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EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: Prolonged or repeated contact can cause moderate irritation defatting, dermatitis.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Excessive inhalation of vapors can cause nasal and respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, possible unconsciousness, and even asphyxiation. Overexposure may cause damage to the nervous system.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: No Information.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: Overexposure to this material (or its components) has apparently been found to cause the following effects in laboratory animals: kidney damage, liver damage, lung damage, nasal damage, nervous system damage, testis damage, Overexposure to this material (or its components) has apparently been found to cause the following effects in humans: visual impairment, central nervous system effects,

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: SKIN CONTACT SKIN ABSORPTION INHALATION EYE CONTACT

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES
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FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Flush with large amounts of water, lifting upper and lower lids occasionally, get medical attention.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Thoroughly wash exposed area with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

FIRST AID - INHALATION: Remove individual to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. Give artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Keep person warm and quiet. Get medical attention.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. Give two glasses of water if conscious. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical attention.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES
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FLASH POINT: -156 F  
(PENSKY-MARTENS C.C.)

LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: 1.0 %  
UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: 9.5 %

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: N.D.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: CO2 DRY CHEMICAL FOAM WATER FOG

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Vapors are heavier than air and travel along the ground or may be moved by ventilation and ignited by ignition sources at locations distant from material handling point. For aerosol

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SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES
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products - exposure to temperatures over 130F may cause containers to burst releasing highly flammable gas.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece operated in pressure-demand or other positive pressure mode when fighting fires. Keep fire exposed containers cool with water fog.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES
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STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Eliminate sources of ignition & ventilate area. Persons not properly equipped should be excluded from area. Stop spill at source - prevent spreading. Avoid inhalation of vapors. Avoid skin contact with liquid. Soak up on absorbent material and place into proper container for disposal. Use non-sparking scoops for flammable materials. Clean walking surfaces thoroughly to reduce slipping hazard.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE
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HANDLING: Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptied, since containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid, and/or solid). All hazard precautions given must be observed. Do not flame cut, braze or use welding torch on containers. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the vapors from this product may be harmful or fatal.

STORAGE: Do not store above 120F. Do not store in direct sunlight. Keep away from heat sources, open flame, pilot lights, sparks, and other sources of ignition. Do not store above 120F. Do not store in direct sunlight.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION
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ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Provide sufficient mechanical ventilation (general and/or local exhaust) ventilation to maintain exposure below TLV(s).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: If work place exposure limits of product or any component is exceeded, use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator. Consult your safety equipment supplier for recommendations.

SKIN PROTECTION: Wear impervious gloves if method of use involves skin contact with product. Consult your safety supply vendor for glove recommendations.

EYE PROTECTION: Wear safety glasses at minimum, more extensive protection may be necessary depending on how the product is to be used.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Wear impervious clothing if bodily exposure is

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SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION
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anticipated. Consult your safety supply vendor for recommendations.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash hands before eating or smoking. Smoke in designated areas only. Remove and launder clothing if contaminated.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
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BOILING RANGE	: -44 - 159 F	VAPOR DENSITY	: Is heavier than air
ODOR	: MILD SOLVENT	ODOR THRESHOLD	: N.D.
APPEARANCE	: CLEAR LIQUID	EVAPORATION RATE:	Is faster than Butyl Acetate
SOLUBILITY IN H2O	: NEGLIGIBLE	SPECIFIC GRAVITY:	0.6867
FREEZE POINT	: N.D.	pH @ 0.0 %	: N.A.
VAPOR PRESSURE	: N.D.	VISCOSITY	: N.D.
PHYSICAL STATE	: LIQUID		
COEFFICIENT OF WATER/OIL DISTRIBUTION: N.D.			

(See Section 16 for abbreviation legend)

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
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CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Heat, sparks, welding arcs, open flame, pilot lights, static electricity or other source of ignition. Excessive heat which may cause generation of formaldehyde.

INCOMPATIBILITY: strong oxidizers,

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide, various hydrocarbons, formaldehyde, possibly silicon dioxide, This product contains methylpolysiloxanes which can generate formaldehyde at approximately 300 degrees farenheit and above, in atmospheres which contain oxygen.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES
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No product or component toxicological information is available.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION
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ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: No Information.

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## SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

DISPOSAL METHOD: Dispose of in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations.

## SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Aerosols

DOT TECHNICAL NAME:

DOT HAZARD CLASS: 2.1

HAZARD SUBCLASS: NONE

DOT UN/NA NUMBER: UN1950

PACKING GROUP: NONE

RESP. GUIDE PAGE: 126

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:: For domestic ground and air shipment this product may be shipped as a Consumer Commodity ORM-D. Outer cartons must have the ORM-D or ORM-D AIR designation. (our original cartons are preprinted with the ORM-D designation for ground shipment)

## SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS: AS FOLLOWS -

OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

CERCLA - SARA HAZARD CATEGORY:

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

IMMEDIATE HEALTH HAZARD    CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARD    FIRE HAZARD    PRESSURIZED  
GAS HAZARD

SARA SECTION 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372:

----- CHEMICAL NAME -----	CAS NUMBER	WT/WT %	IS LESS THAN
HEXANE	110-54-3		50.0 %

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

----- CHEMICAL NAME -----	CAS NUMBER
No information is available.	

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS: AS FOLLOWS -

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